AU-C Section 9500

Audit Evidence: Auditing Interpretations of Section 500

New GASB Pension Standards

In June 2012, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued two new standards that will substantially change the accounting and financial reporting of public employee pension plans and the state and local governments that participate in such plans. GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, revises existing guidance for the financial reports of most governmental pension plans. GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, revises and establishes new financial reporting requirements for most governments that provide their employees with pension benefits. GASB Statement No. 67 is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2013. GASB Statement No. 68 is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Auditing Interpretation No. 3, “Auditor of Participating Employer in a Governmental Agent Multiple-Employer Pension Plan” (paragraphs .30–.36), and Auditing Interpretation No. 2, “Auditor of Governmental Agent Multiple-Employer Pension Plan,” of AU-C section 805, Special Considerations—Audits of Single Financial Statements and Specific Elements, Accounts, or Items of a Financial Statement (AICPA, Professional Standards), are intended to assist both plan and employer auditors who are auditing entities that have implemented the new accounting standards.

3. Auditor of Participating Employer in a Governmental Agent Multiple-Employer Pension Plan

.30 Question—GASB Statement No. 68 requires governmental entities (employers) participating in governmental agent multiple-employer pension plans (agent plan or plan) to present certain pension amounts in employer financial statements that are calculated by the plan or its actuary. Such amounts are based, in part, on records maintained only by the plan.

.31 Do the audited financial statements of the plan prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and additional unaudited information provided by the plan’s management necessary to calculate the employer’s net pension liability provide the employer’s auditor with sufficient appropriate audit evidence upon which to base the opinion on the affected opinion units of the governmental employer financial reporting entity?

.32 Interpretation—No. GASB Statement No. 67 does not require the plan to present net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources by category,
pension expense, or each participating employer’s specific pension amounts. Unaudited information provided by the plan’s management to the employers to support allocations or pension amounts that has not been subjected to further audit procedures beyond those performed in the audit of the basic plan financial statements would not constitute sufficient appropriate audit evidence to support the relevant assertions in the employer’s financial statements related to the pension amounts, including required disclosures.

.33 Absent additional evidence obtained, for example, through the suggested best practices as described in the AICPA’s State and Local Governments Expert Panel white paper Governmental Employer Participation in Agent Multiple-Employer Plans: Issues Related to Information for Employer Reporting, the employer auditor would not likely be able to accumulate sufficient appropriate audit evidence to support the pension amounts and disclosures in the employer’s financial statements. When pension amounts are material to one or more applicable opinion units of the employer’s financial statements and the auditor is unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to conclude that the financial statements of those opinion units are free from material misstatement, the auditor should modify the audit opinion pursuant to AU-C section 705, Modifications to the Opinion in the Independent Auditor’s Report (AICPA, Professional Standards).

.34 Question—A plan has engaged its auditor to audit and report on the schedule of changes in fiduciary net position by employer, as described in the AICPA’s State and Local Governments Expert Panel white paper referenced in paragraph .33 of this interpretation. May an employer auditor use the plan auditor’s report as evidence about the fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position for the audit of the employer’s financial statements?

.35 Interpretation—Yes. The employer auditor is solely responsible for the audit of the employer’s financial statements and, therefore, is responsible for determining the sufficiency and appropriateness of audit evidence necessary to reduce audit risk to an appropriately low level. Nevertheless, the employer auditor may use the plan auditor’s report on the schedule as evidence about both the fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position of the employer. However, the employer auditor should consider whether the opinion is on the schedule as a whole or on each employer column. If the opinion is on the schedule as a whole, it is likely that the employer auditor will need additional evidence to support these amounts in the employer’s financial statements (examples of such audit evidence are included in the white paper referenced in paragraph .33 of this interpretation).

.36 Before using the work of the plan auditor as evidence, the employer auditor should evaluate whether the plan auditor’s report and accompanying schedule are adequate and appropriate for the employer auditor’s purposes. For example, the employer auditor may review the plan auditor’s report and any related opinion modifications and assess other matters discussed in the report. Additionally, the employer auditor should evaluate whether the plan auditor has the necessary competence and independence for the employer auditor’s purposes.

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