# Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan Actuarial Valuation Report as of July 1, 2022





November 8, 2022

Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota Trustees of the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Trustees of the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan:

The results of the July 1, 2022 annual actuarial valuation of the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan are presented in this report. This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the Board and staff and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the Board and staff only in its entirety and only with permission of the Board. GRS is not responsible for unauthorized use of this report.

The purpose of the valuation is to measure the Plan's funding progress and to determine the required contribution rate for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022 according to the prescribed assumptions. Note that the impact of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 is provided in a separate report.

Actuarial assumptions, including discount rates, mortality tables and others identified in this report, are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), and the Trustees. These parties are responsible for selecting the plan's funding policy, actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods and assumptions. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed and are described in the Actuarial Basis section of this report. PERA is solely responsible for communicating to GRS any changes required thereto.

In our professional judgment, the statutory investment return assumption of 7.5% used in the report deviates materially from the guidance set forth in Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 27 (ASOP No. 27). In a 2022 analysis of long-term rate of investment return and inflation assumptions, GRS suggested that an investment return assumption in the range of 5.64% to 6.84% would be reasonable for this valuation. Please see our letter dated July 12, 2022 for additional information. For informational purposes, note that results based on a 6.50% investment return assumption are shown on page 5.

The contribution rate in this report is determined using the actuarial assumptions and methods disclosed in the Actuarial Basis section of this report. This report includes risk metrics on pages 6 through 9, but does not include a more robust assessment of the risks of future experience differing materially from the actuarial assumptions. Additional assessment of risks was outside the scope of this assignment.

The valuation assumed the continuing ability of the plan sponsor to make the contributions necessary to fund this plan. A determination regarding whether or not the plan sponsor is actually able to do so is outside our scope of expertise and was not performed.

The findings in this report are based on data and other information through June 30, 2022. The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA), concerning benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but did not audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by PERA.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the

Trustees of the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan November 8, 2022 Page 2

natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of our assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

This report reflects the impact of COVID-19 through June 30, 2022. It does not reflect the ongoing impact of COVID-19, which is likely to influence demographic and investment experience, at least in the short term. We will continue to monitor these developments and their impact on the plan.

This report was prepared using our proprietary valuation model and related software which, in our professional judgment, has the capability to provide results that are consistent with the purposes of the valuation and has no material limitations or known weaknesses. We performed tests to ensure that the model reasonably represents that which is intended to be modeled.

This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose described herein. Determinations of the financial results associated with the benefits described in this report in a manner other than the intended purpose may produce significantly different results.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

Brian B. Murphy, Bonita J. Wurst and Sheryl L. Christensen are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. In addition, GRS meets the requirements of "approved actuary" under Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, Subdivision 1, Paragraph (c).

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan as of the valuation date and was performed in accordance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, and the requirements of the Standards for Actuarial Work established by the LCPR. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board, and with applicable statutes.

We are available to answer any questions or provide further details.

Respectfully submitted, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company

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BBM/BJW:sc



#### **Other Observations**

## General Implications of Contribution Allocation Procedure or Funding Policy on Future Expected Plan Contributions and Funded Status

Given the plan's contribution allocation procedure, if there are no changes in benefits, Chapter 356 required contributions are made, and all actuarial assumptions are met (including the assumption of the plan earning 7.50% on the actuarial value of assets, as prescribed by statutes), it is expected that:

- (1) The normal cost of the plan is expected to remain approximately level as a percent of pay;
- (2) The funded status of the plan is expected to gradually improve and is expected to be 100% funded within the next 26 years; and
- (3) The unfunded liability is expected to grow initially as a dollar amount before beginning to decline.

#### **Limitations of Funded Status Measurements**

Unless otherwise indicated, a funded status measurement presented in this report is based upon the actuarial accrued liability and the actuarial value of assets. Unless otherwise indicated, with regard to any funded status measurements presented in this report:

- (1) The measurement is inappropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the plan's benefit obligations, in other words, of transferring the obligations to an unrelated third party in an arm's length market value type transaction.
- (2) The measurement is dependent upon the actuarial cost method which, in combination with the plan's amortization policy, affects the timing and amounts of future contributions. The amounts of future contributions will most certainly differ from those assumed in this report due to future actual experience differing from assumed experience based upon the actuarial assumptions. A funded status measurement in this report of 100% is not synonymous with no required future contributions. If the funded status were 100%, the plan would still require future normal cost contributions (i.e., contributions to cover the cost of the active membership accruing an additional year of service credit).
- (3) The measurement would produce a different result if the market value of assets were used instead of the actuarial value of assets.

#### **Limitations of Project Scope**

Actuarial standards do not require the actuary to evaluate the ability of the plan sponsor or other contributing entity to make required contributions to the plan when due. Such an evaluation was not within the scope of this project and is not within the actuary's domain of expertise. Consequently, the actuary performed no such evaluation.



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#### **Contributions**

The following table summarizes important contribution information as described in the Development of Costs section.

	Actuarial Va	luation as of
Contributions	July 1, 2022	July 1, 2021
Statutory Contributions - Chapter 353 (% of Payroll)	31.77%	31.84%
Required Contributions - Chapter 356 (% of Payroll)	25.01%	25.44%
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	6.76%	6.40%

Statutory contributions represent the amount actually contributed to the fund and include fixed percentage of payroll contributions plus any supplemental contributions. Required contributions are defined in statutes and the LCPR Standards for Actuarial Work, and represent the amount needed to fully fund the plan within 26 years (normal cost, expenses and a payment to amortize the unfunded liability). When member contributions of 11.80% of pay are reflected, the remaining employer statutory contribution is 19.97% of pay, and the remaining employer required contribution is 13.21% of pay.

The statutory contribution sufficiency increased from 6.40% of payroll to 6.76% of payroll. The increase is primarily due to the recognition of deferred investment gains in the actuarial value of assets.

Based on the actuarial value of assets, scheduled contribution rates and actuarial assumptions described in this report, statutory contributions are expected to bring the plan to full funding within the 26-year amortization period.

These results are based on the statutory return assumption of 7.50%, which in our professional judgment, deviates significantly from guidance in ASOP No. 27. If an investment return assumption within the reasonable range were used in this valuation instead of 7.50%, liabilities and required contributions would be higher than shown, and the contribution sufficiency would be lower than shown and possibly even become a deficiency (see 6.5% interest results on page 5).

The Plan Assets section provides detail on the plan assets used for the valuation including a development of the Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA). The Market Value of Assets (MVA) earned approximately -6.2% for the plan year ending June 30, 2022. The AVA earned approximately 9.3% for the plan year ending June 30, 2022 compared to the assumed rate of 7.50%.

Participant reconciliation and statistics are detailed in the Membership Data section. The Actuarial Basis section includes a summary of plan provisions and actuarial methods and assumptions used for the calculations in this report.

During the past year, there were more terminations, retirements and disabilities than in recent prior years, and less new hires to replace these members. As a result, active membership decreased for the second year in a row and liabilities were greater than expected. We will continue to monitor these developments and their impact on the plan.

Accounting information prepared according to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 67 and No. 68 will be provided in a separate report.

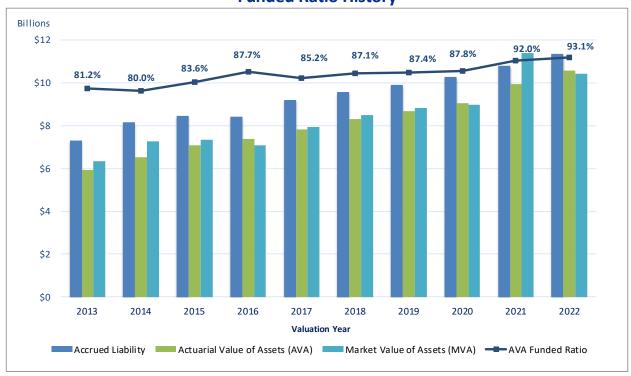


A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions or valuation methods and procedures between the two valuations are described after the summary.

	Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2022 July 1, 202					
	J	uly 1, 2022	J	uly 1, 2021		
Contributions (% of Payroll)						
Statutory - Chapter 353		31.77%		31.84%		
Required - Chapter 356		25.01%		25.44%		
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)		6.76%		6.40%		
Funding Ratios (dollars in thousands)						
Assets						
- Current assets (AVA)	\$	10,563,877	\$	9,931,003		
- Current assets (MVA)	\$	10,415,493	\$	11,398,101		
Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio						
- Current benefit obligations	\$	11,029,888	\$	10,476,942		
- Funding ratio (AVA)		95.78%		94.79%		
- Funding ratio (MVA)		94.43%		108.79%		
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio						
- Actuarial accrued liability	\$	11,351,467	\$	10,793,845		
- Funding ratio (AVA)		93.06%		92.01%		
- Funding ratio (MVA)		91.75%		105.60%		
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio						
- Current and expected future assets	\$	14,591,239	\$	13,878,589		
- Current and expected future benefit obligations	\$	13,410,366	\$	12,775,104		
- Projected benefit funding ratio (AVA)		108.81%		108.64%		
Participant Data						
Active members						
- Number		11,629		11,705		
- Actual covered payroll (GASB) (000s)	\$	1,127,314	\$	1,096,195		
- Annual valuation earnings (000s)	\$	1,083,253	\$	1,048,417		
- Average annual valuation earnings	\$ \$ \$	93,151	\$	89,570		
- Projected annual earnings (000s)	\$	1,132,625	\$	1,096,003		
- Average projected annual earnings	\$	97,397	\$	93,635		
- Average age		40.1		40.3		
- Average service		12.0		12.3		
Service retirements		8,236		8,021		
Survivors		1,959		1,951		
Disability retirements		1,912		1,684		
Deferred retirements		1,864		1,813		
Non-vested terminations eligible for refunds only		957		912		
Total		26,557		26,086		



#### **Funded Ratio History**



### **Contribution Rate History (% of Pay)**





#### **Effects of Changes**

The following change in actuarial assumptions was recognized as of July 1, 2022:

• The mortality projection scale was updated from MP-2020 to MP-2021.

The assumption change increased the unfunded actuarial accrued liability by \$14 million and increased the required contribution by 0.09% of pay, as follows:

		Reflecting Assumption
	<b>Before Changes</b>	Changes
Normal Cost Rate, % of Pay	20.34%	20.35%
Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability,		
Level % of pay to 2048	4.43%	4.51%
Expenses (% of Pay)	0.15%	0.15%
Total Required Contribution, % of Pay	24.92%	25.01%
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio	93.2%	93.1%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio	108.9%	108.8%
Unfunded Accrued Liability (in billions)	\$0.8	\$0.8



#### **Sensitivity Tests**

During the 2017 legislative session, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR) enacted a new sensitivity disclosure requirement for PERA's valuations. Per the LCPR's requirement, we have calculated the liabilities associated with the following scenarios:

- 1) 6.50% interest rate assumption
- 2) 8.50% interest rate assumption

In each case, all other assumptions were unchanged from those used to develop the final valuation results in this report. Note that we believe the 8.50% and 7.50% interest rate assumptions do not comply with Actuarial Standards of Practice.

\$ in billions	Final Valuation Assumptions (7.5% Interest)	Final Valuation Assumptions with 6.5% Interest	Final Valuation Assumptions with 8.5% Interest
Normal Cost Rate, % of Pay	20.35%	25.79%	16.29%
Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability,			
Level % of Pay to 2048	4.51%	11.57%	(2.42)%
Expenses (% of Pay)	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%
Total Required Contribution, % of Pay	25.01%	37.51%	14.02%
Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency), % of Pay	6.76%	(5.74)%	17.75 %
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio	93.1%	82.5%	104.0%
Present Value of Projected Benefits	\$13.4	\$15.6	\$ 11.7
Present Value of Future Normal Costs	<u>2.0</u>	<u>2.8</u>	<u>1.5</u>
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$11.4	\$12.8	\$ 10.2
Unfunded Accrued Liability	\$ 0.8	\$ 2.2	\$(0.4)



#### Risks Associated with Measuring the Accrued Liability and **Actuarially Determined Contribution**

The determination of the accrued liability and the actuarially determined contribution requires the use of assumptions regarding future economic and demographic experience. Risk measures, as illustrated in this report, are intended to aid in the understanding of the effects of future experience differing from the assumptions used in the course of the actuarial valuation. Risk measures may also help with illustrating the potential volatility in the accrued liability and the actuarially determined contribution that result from the differences between actual experience and the actuarial assumptions.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions due to changing conditions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period, or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the Plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. The scope of an actuarial valuation does not include an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

Examples of risk that may reasonably be anticipated to significantly affect the plan's future financial condition include:

- Investment Risk actual investment returns may differ from the expected returns;
- 2. **Asset/Liability Mismatch** changes in asset values may not match changes in liabilities, thereby altering the gap between the accrued liability and assets and consequently altering the funded status and contribution requirements;
- 3. Contribution Risk actual contributions may differ from expected future contributions. For example, actual contributions may not be made in accordance with the plan's funding policy or material changes may occur in the anticipated number of covered employees, covered payroll, or other relevant contribution base;
- 4. Salary and Payroll Risk actual salaries and total payroll may differ from expected, resulting in actual future accrued liability and contributions differing from expected;
- 5. Longevity Risk members may live longer or shorter than expected and receive pensions for a period of time other than assumed; and
- 6. Other Demographic Risks members may terminate, retire or become disabled at times or with benefits other than assumed resulting in actual future accrued liability and contributions differing from expected.

The effects of certain trends in experience can generally be anticipated. For example, if the investment return since the most recent actuarial valuation is less (or more) than the assumed rate, the cost of the plan can be expected to increase (or decrease). Likewise, if longevity is improving (or worsening), increases (or decreases) in cost can be anticipated.



The Required Contribution rate shown on page 1 may be considered as a minimum contribution rate that complies with Minnesota Statutes and the requirements of the Standards for Actuarial Work published by the LCPR. The timely receipt of the actuarially determined contributions is critical to support the financial health of the plan. Users of this report should be aware that contributions made at the actuarially determined rate do not necessarily guarantee benefit security.

#### PLAN MATURITY MEASURES

Risks facing a pension plan evolve over time. A young plan with virtually no investments and paying few benefits may experience little investment risk. An older plan with a large number of members in pay status and a significant trust may be much more exposed to investment risk. Generally accepted plan maturity measures include the following. Additional maturity measures are shown on the following page.

	2022	2021
Ratio of market value of assets to total payroll	9.24	10.40
Ratio of actuarial accrued liability to total payroll	10.07	9.85
Ratio of actives to retirees and beneficiaries	0.96	1.00
Ratio of net cash flow to market value of assets	-2.7%	-2.2%
Approximate modified duration* of:		
<ul><li>Total projected benefits:</li></ul>	14.66	14.68
<ul> <li>Actuarial accrued liability:</li> </ul>	11.65	11.65
<ul><li>Retiree liability:</li></ul>	8.81	8.69

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 7.50% interest.

#### RATIO OF MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS TO PAYROLL

The relationship between assets and payroll is a useful indicator of the potential volatility of contributions. For example, if the market value of assets is 5.0 times the payroll, a return on assets 5% different than assumed would equal 25% of payroll. A higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) level of this maturity measure generally indicates a higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) volatility in plan sponsor contributions as a percentage of payroll.

#### RATIO OF ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY TO PAYROLL

The relationship between actuarial accrued liability and payroll is a useful indicator of the potential volatility of contributions for a fully funded plan. A funding policy that targets a funded ratio of 100% is expected to result in the ratio of assets to payroll and the ratio of liability to payroll converging over time.

The ratio of liability to payroll may also be used as a measure of sensitivity of contribution rates to liability gains and losses. For example, if the actuarial accrued liability is 5.0 times the payroll, a change in liability 2% other than assumed would equal 10% of payroll. A higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) level of this maturity measure generally indicates a higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) volatility in liability (and also plan sponsor contributions) as a percentage of payroll.



#### RATIO OF ACTIVES TO RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES

A young plan with many active members and few retirees will have a high ratio of actives to retirees. A mature open plan may have close to the same number of actives to retirees resulting in a ratio near 1.0. A super-mature or closed plan may have significantly more retirees than actives resulting in a ratio below 1.0.

#### RATIO OF NET CASH FLOW TO MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS

A positive net cash flow means contributions exceed benefits and expenses. A negative cash flow means benefits and expenses exceed contributions and existing funds may be used to make payments. A certain amount of negative net cash flow is generally expected to occur when benefits are prefunded through a qualified trust. Large negative net cash flows as a percent of assets may indicate a super-mature plan or a need for additional contributions.

#### **DURATION OF LIABILITIES**

The modified duration (as opposed to the Macaulay duration) may be used to approximate the sensitivity of the Liability to a small change in the assumed rate of return. For example, a modified duration of 10 indicates that the liability would change by approximately 10% if the assumed rate of return were changed by 1% (i.e., from 7.5% to 6.5%).

#### ADDITIONAL RISK ASSESSMENT

Additional risk assessment is outside the scope of the annual actuarial valuation. Additional assessment may include scenario tests, sensitivity tests, stochastic modeling, stress tests, and a comparison of the present value of accrued benefits at low-risk discount rates with the actuarial accrued liability. We would be please to perform such assessments upon request.



#### Risk Measures Summary (Dollars in Thousands)

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
			Market		Market				
Valuation	Accrued		Value	Actual	Value			AAL/	Assets/
Date	Liabilities	Market Value	Unfunded	Covered	Funded	Retiree	RetLiab/	Payroll	Payroll
(6/30)	(AAL)	of Assets	AAL	Payroll	Ratio (2)/(1)	Liabilities	AAL (6)/(1)	(1)/(4)	(2)/(4)
2013	\$ 7,304,032	\$ 6,346,741	\$ 957,291	\$ 796,188	86.9%	\$ 4,333,475	59.3%	917.4%	797.1%
2014	8,151,328	7,273,100	878,228	820,333	89.2%	4,888,411	60.0%	993.7%	886.6%
2015	8,460,477	7,348,704	1,111,773	845,076	86.9%	5,000,871	59.1%	1001.1%	869.6%
2016	8,417,621	7,098,090	1,319,531	881,222	84.3%	5,066,605	60.2%	955.2%	805.5%
2017	9,199,208	7,918,879	1,280,329	944,296	86.1%	5,532,560	60.1%	974.2%	838.6%
2018	9,552,804	8,486,907	1,065,897	976,657	88.8%	5,780,590	60.5%	978.1%	869.0%
2019	9,909,153	8,844,552	1,064,601	1,011,421	89.3%	6,022,997	60.8%	979.7%	874.5%
2020	10,291,567	8,973,460	1,318,107	1,069,481	87.2%	6,164,792	59.9%	962.3%	839.0%
2021	10,793,845	11,398,101	(604,256)	1,096,195	105.6%	6,603,316	61.2%	984.7%	1039.8%
2022	11,351,467	10,415,493	935,974	1,127,314	91.8%	7,055,903	62.2%	1006.9%	923.9%

	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
				Non-				
Valuation			Unfunded	Investment	NICF/	SBI Market		
Date	Portfolio	Std Dev	AAL/ Payroll	Cash Flow	Assets	Rate of	SBI 5-Year	SBI 10-Year
(6/30)	StdDev	% of Pay (9) x (10)	(3)/(4)	(NICF)	(13)/(2)	Return	Average	Average
2013			120.2%	\$(230,072)	(3.6%)	14.2%	6.2%	N/A
2014			107.1%	(232,048)	(3.2%)	18.6%	14.5%	N/A
2015	14.1%	122.6%	131.6%	(242,036)	(3.3%)	4.4%	12.3%	N/A
2016	14.1%	113.6%	149.7%	(241,668)	(3.4%)	-0.1%	7.7%	N/A
2017	14.1%	118.2%	135.6%	(238,177)	(3.0%)	15.1%	10.2%	6.2%
2018	14.1%	122.5%	109.1%	(245,996)	(2.9%)	10.3%	9.4%	7.8%
2019	14.3%	125.0%	105.3%	(251,921)	(2.8%)	7.3%	7.3%	10.8%
2020	14.3%	120.0%	123.2%	(240,301)	(2.7%)	4.2%	7.2%	9.7%
2021	13.9%	144.5%	-55.1%	(248,208)	(2.2%)	30.3%	13.1%	10.3%
2022	14.0%	129.3%	83.0%	(281,646)	(2.7%)	-6.4%	8.5%	9.4%

- (5) The Funded ratio is the most widely known measure of a plan's financial strength, but the trend in the funded ratio is much more important than the absolute ratio. The funded ratio should trend to 100%. As it approaches 100%, it is important to reevaluate the level of investment risk in the portfolio and potentially to re-evaluate the assumed rate of return.
- (6) and (7) The ratio of Retiree liabilities to total accrued liabilities gives an indication of the maturity of the system. As the ratio increases, cash flow needs increase, and the liquidity needs of the portfolio change. A ratio on the order of 50% indicates a maturing system.
- (8) and (9) The ratios of liabilities and assets to payroll gives an indication of both maturity and volatility. Many systems have ratios between 500% and 700%. Ratios significantly above that range may indicate difficulty in supporting the benefit level as a level % of payroll.
- (10) and (11) The portfolio standard deviation measures the volatility of investment return. When multiplied by the ratio of assets to payroll it gives the effect of a one standard deviation asset move as a percent of payroll. This figure helps users understand the difficulty of dealing with investment volatility and the challenges volatility brings to sustainability.
- (12) The ratio of unfunded liability to payroll gives an indication of the plan sponsor's ability to actually pay off the unfunded liability. A
- ratio above approximately 300% or 400% may indicate difficulty in discharging the unfunded liability within a reasonable time frame. (13) and (14) The ratio of Non-Investment Cash Flow to assets is an important measure of sustainability. Negative ratios are common and expected for a maturing system. In the longer term, this ratio should be on the order of approximately -4%. A ratio that is significantly more negative than that for an extended period could be a leading indicator of potential exhaustion of assets.
- (15) (16) and (17) Investment return is probably the largest single risk that most systems face. The year by year return and the 5-year and 10-year geometric average give an indicator of past performance. Of course, past performance is not a guarantee of future results, may not even be reflective of potential future results, and historical averages are very sensitive to the time period chosen. The performance data for the Combined Funds (pooled investments of major Minnesota Public Retirement Systems) is presented in these columns. The source of this data is the Minnesota State Board of Investment.



### **Supplemental Information**

The remainder of the report includes information supporting the results presented in the previous sections.

- Plan assets presents information about the plan's assets as reported by the Public Employees
  Retirement Association of Minnesota. The assets represent the portion of total fund liabilities that
  have been funded.
- **Membership data** presents and describes the membership data used in the valuation.
- Development of costs shows the liabilities for plan benefits and the derivation of the contribution amount.
- Actuarial basis describes the plan provisions, as well as the methods and assumptions used to value the plan. The valuation is based on the premise that the plan is ongoing.
- Additional schedules shows the Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Contributions.
- Glossary defines the terms used in this report.



#### Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (Dollars in Thousands)

Assets in Trust  Cash, equivalents, short term securities  Fixed income  Equity		Market	t Valu	ie	
Assets in Trust	J	une 30, 2022		une 30, 2021	
Cash, equivalents, short term securities	\$	198,592	\$	181,935	
Fixed income	\$	2,385,899	\$	2,585,324	
Equity	\$	5,210,590	\$	6,647,336	
Private Markets	\$	2,621,319	\$	1,978,079	
Other	\$		\$		
Total Assets in Trust		10,416,400	\$	11,392,674	
Assets receivable	\$	5,652	\$	12,147	*
Amounts payable	\$	(6,559)	\$	(6,720)	
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$	10,415,493	\$	11,398,101	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes \$7.679 million contribution receivable from Minneapolis to be paid by July 15, 2021.



#### Reconciliation of Plan Assets (Dollars in Thousands)

The following exhibit shows the revenue, expenses and resulting assets of the Fund as reported by the Public Employees Retirement Association for the prior two fiscal years.

Cha	Change in Assets		Market Value							
Yea	Year Ending		une 30, 2022	Ju	ine 30, 2021					
1.	Fund balance at market value at beginning of year	\$	11,398,101	\$	8,973,460					
2.	Contributions									
	a. Member	\$	133,023	\$	129,351					
	b. Employer		206,416	\$	201,129 *					
	c. Other sources (State contribution)	\$ \$ \$	18,000		18,000					
	d. Total contributions	\$	357,439	\$ \$	348,480					
3.	Investment income									
	a. Investment income/(loss)	\$	(688,884)	\$	2,683,628					
	b. Investment expenses	\$	(12,058)	\$	(10,802)					
	c. Net subtotal	\$ \$	(700,942)	\$	2,672,826					
4.	Other	\$	(20)	\$	23					
5.	Total income: $(2.d.) + (3.c.) + (4.)$	\$	(343,523)	\$	3,021,329					
6.	Benefits Paid									
	a. Annuity benefits	\$	(633,255)	\$	(592,687)					
	b. Refunds	\$ <u>\$</u> \$	(4,196)	\$	(3,060)					
	c. Total benefits paid	\$	(637,451)	\$	(595,747)					
7.	Expenses									
	a. Other	\$	-	\$	-					
	b. Administrative	\$ \$ \$	(1,634)	\$	(941)					
	c. Total expenses	\$	(1,634)	\$	(941)					
8.	Total disbursements: (6.c.) + (7.c.)	\$	(639,085)	\$	(596,688)					
9.	Fund balance at market value at end of year	\$	10,415,493	\$	11,398,101					
10.	Approximate return on market value of assets		-6.2%		30.3%					

<sup>\*</sup> Includes \$7.679 million contribution receivable from Minneapolis to be paid by July 15, 2021.

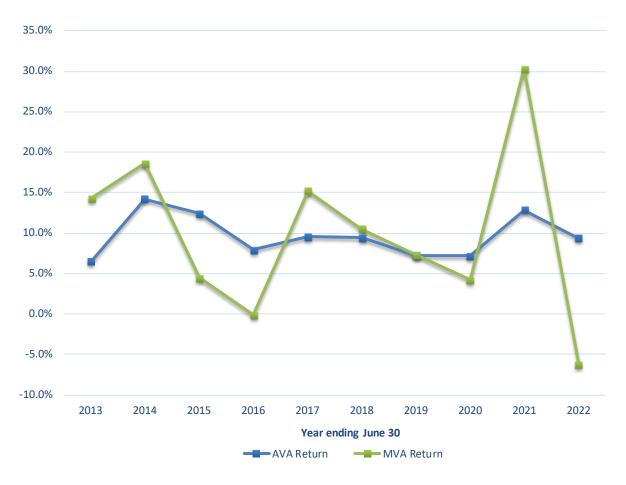


### **Actuarial Asset Value (Dollars in Thousands)**

			 lune 30, 2022	June 30, 2021		
<ol> <li>Market value of assets available for benefits</li> <li>Determination of average balance</li> </ol>			\$ 10,415,493	\$	11,398,101	
a. Total assets available at beginning of year			\$ 11,398,101	\$	8,973,460	
b. Total assets available at end of year			\$ 10,415,493	\$	11,398,101	
c. Net investment income for fiscal year			\$ (700,942)	\$	2,672,826	
d. Average balance [a. + b c.] / 2			\$ 11,257,268	\$	8,849,368	
3. Expected return [7.5% x 2.d.]			\$ 844,295	\$	663,703	
4. Actual return			\$ (700,942)	\$	2,672,826	
5. Current year asset gain/(loss) [4 3.]			\$ (1,545,237)	\$	2,009,123	
6. Unrecognized asset returns						
		Original				
		Amount	Unrecogniz	ed A	Mount	
a. Year ended June 30, 2022	\$	(1,545,237)	\$ (1,236,190)		N/A	
b. Year ended June 30, 2021	\$	2,009,123	\$ 1,205,474	\$	1,607,298	
c. Year ended June 30, 2020	\$	(285,391)	\$ (114,156)	\$	(171,235)	
d. Year ended June 30, 2019	\$	(17,561)	\$ (3,512)	\$	(7,024)	
e. Year ended June 30, 2018	\$	(587,179)	N/A	\$	38,059	
f. Unrecognized return adjustment			\$ (148,384)	\$	1,467,098	
7. Actuarial value at end of year (1 6.f.)			\$ 10,563,877	\$	9,931,003	
8. Approximate return on actuarial value of assets	dur	ing fiscal year	9.3%		12.8%	
9. Ratio of actuarial value of assets to market value	e of	assets	1.01		0.87	



#### 10-Year History of AVA and MVA Asset Returns





#### **Distribution of Active Members**

Years of Service as of June 30, 2022

Age	<3*	3 - 4	5 - 9		10 - 14		15 - 19	c us	20 - 24		25 - 29	30 - 34		35+		Total
< 25	407	26	1													434
Avg. Earnings															\$	55,150
25 - 29	706	452	274													1,432
Avg. Earnings	\$ 61,673	\$ 83,918	\$ 88,013												\$	73,734
30 - 34	424	369	900		106											1,799
Avg. Earnings	\$ 61,386	\$ 83,161	\$ 91,670	\$	92,317										\$	82,825
35 - 39	242	209	700		627		243									2,021
Avg. Earnings	\$ 63,971	\$ 79,714	\$ 90,680	\$	99,070	\$	101,089								\$	90,202
40 - 44	144	102	372		373		733		177							1,901
Avg. Earnings	\$ 64,534			\$	101,669	\$		\$	108,064						\$	96,802
45 - 49	61	35	145		176		448		738		123	1				1,727
Avg. Earnings				\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 90,576			\$	103,983
FO F4	20	45	07		110		222		E 42		F04	70				4 670
50 - 54 Avg. Earnings	28 \$ 62 710	15 \$ 86.080	87 \$ 92 9/1	¢	110 92 768	¢	233	¢	542 113 062	¢	591 122 191	73 \$ 127,734			Ġ	1,679 112,308
Avg. Lumings	ŷ 02,710	7 00,000	<i>→ 52,5</i> +1	Y	32,700	7	104,733	Y	113,002	Y	122,131	<b>ў 127,73</b> 4			Y	112,300
55 - 59	12	8	35		38		57		144		119	65		9		487
Avg. Earnings	\$ 61,795	\$ 66,326	\$ 95,488	\$	90,819	\$	103,415	<b>&gt;</b>	114,546	\$	123,703	\$ 127,982	>	112,958	<b>&gt;</b>	111,932
60 - 64	. 6	. 2	13		6		23		29		25	15		8		127
Avg. Earnings	\$ 55,600	\$ 36,152	\$ 80,103	\$	115,647	\$	111,272	\$	107,710	\$	116,607	\$ 118,430	\$	135,582	\$	107,089
65 - 69	1	2	1		2		1		5		4			4		20
Avg. Earnings	\$ 60,547	\$ 53,187	\$ 17,997	\$	64,154	\$	25,104	\$	123,238	\$	126,085		\$	149,854	\$	102,914
70+					1						1					2
Avg. Earnings				\$	39,125					\$					\$	
Total	2,031	1,220	2,528		1,439		1,738		1,635		863	154		21		11,629
Avg. Earnings	-	-	-	\$	•	\$	•	\$		\$	120,667	\$ 126,691	\$	128,604	\$	93,151

<sup>\*</sup> This exhibit does not reflect service earned in other PERA funds or service earned in a Combined Service Annuity arrangement. It should not be relied upon as an indicator of non-vested status.

In each cell, the top number is the count of active participants for the age/service combination and the bottom number is average valuation earnings for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date.



#### **Distribution of Service Retirements**

Years I	Retired	as of June	30, 2022	
---------	---------	------------	----------	--

								etireu as						_		
Age		<1		1 - 4		5 - 9		10 - 14	:	15 - 19		20 - 24		25+		Total
<50																
Avg. Benefit																
7 (VB) Delicite																
50 - 54		114		160												274
Avg. Benefit	\$	55,295	\$	39,479											\$	46,059
_																
55 - 59		233		714		397										1,344
Avg. Benefit	\$	75,597	\$	68,439	\$	49,537									\$	64,096
60 - 64		44		362		764		369								1,539
Avg. Benefit	\$	64,825	\$	66,190	\$	61,772	\$	52,764							\$	60,739
65 - 69		17		98		353		598		402		5				1,473
Avg. Benefit	Ş	41,079	\$	53,828	\$	62,524	\$	60,777	Ş	51,898	\$	65,553			\$	58,099
70 - 74		1		23		136		238		561		440		4		1,403
Avg. Benefit	\$	1 4,045	\$		\$		\$		خ	56,993	\$		\$	4 62,708	\$	54,616
Avg. benefit	ڔ	4,043	Ą	31,130	Ş	31,022	Ş	34,300	Ą	30,993	Ş	32,347	Ş	02,706	Ą	34,010
75 - 79		1		3		13		92		158		682		102		1,051
Avg. Benefit	\$	627	\$	9,811	\$		\$		Ś	49,939	\$		\$	48,628	\$	55,059
	,		,	-,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	22,2 12	,	.,,,==	•	,
80 - 84						3		9		35		287		328		662
Avg. Benefit					\$	42,130	\$	27,161	\$	37,457	\$	61,004	\$	65,055	\$	61,221
85 - 89								3		2		94		231		330
Avg. Benefit							\$	30,042	\$	32,366	\$	55,805	\$	61,278	\$	59,260
90+						1		1				14		144		160
Avg. Benefit					\$	22,121	\$	24,150			\$	61,987	\$	61,801	\$	61,334
T-4 : 1		446		4 200		4 66-		4 246		4 450		4 500		000		0.225
Total		410		1,360		1,667		1,310	,	1,158		1,522		809		8,236
Avg. Benefit	Ş	67,007	\$	62,959	\$	57,976	\$	55,759	\$	53,629	\$	57,634	\$	61,314	\$	58,549

In each cell, the top number is the count of retired participants for the age/years retired combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount as of the valuation date.



#### **Distribution of Survivors**

Years Since Death as of June 30, 2022

										of June 30						
Age		<1		1 - 4		5 - 9		10 - 14		15 - 19		20 - 24		25+		Total
<45		14		43		35		34		13		1				140
Avg. Benefit	ć		ć	18,319	ć	14,383	\$	_	ć	15,857	¢	_			\$	16,322
Avg. benefit	Ą	14,037	ڔ	10,319	Ç	14,363	ڔ	10,212	Ą	13,637	ڔ	31,703			Ą	10,322
45 - 49		2		5		7		8		5		1				28
Avg. Benefit	\$	27,459	\$	33,236	\$	33,990	\$	34,708	\$	30,269	\$	27,507			\$	32,698
50 - 54		4		14		5		9		4		2		1		39
Avg. Benefit	\$	23,353	\$	39,283	\$	41,056	\$	29,700	\$	43,574	\$	35,589	\$	33,082	\$	35,757
FF F0				4.4		0		40		-		2		_		
55 - 59	<u>,</u>	6	<u>,</u>	14	,	9		10	<b>,</b>	7		3		5		54
Avg. Benefit	\$	39,325	\$	46,596	\$	54,540	\$	40,066	\$	32,062	\$	44,995	\$	39,482	\$	43,271
60 - 64		11		34		15		18		9		3		8		98
Avg. Benefit	\$		\$		\$	32,129	\$		\$		\$	28,279	\$	37,146	\$	38,657
Avg. Benefit	7	33,747	7	11,233	Ψ	32,123	7	11,331	Y	37,703	Y	20,273	Y	37,140	~	30,037
65 - 69		12		48		43		25		26		11		15		180
Avg. Benefit	\$	36,429	\$	37,238	\$	32,748	\$	34,573	\$	35,532	\$	36,459	\$	42,904	\$	35,919
70 - 74		24		74		57		29		26		25		28		263
Avg. Benefit	\$	31,812	\$	32,866	\$	35,344	\$	35,682	\$	31,509	\$	34,543	\$	42,556	\$	34,674
75 - 79		24		74		68		48		30		51		45		340
Avg. Benefit	\$	33,952	\$	33,929	\$	36,169	\$	32,052	\$	36,265	\$	34,694	\$	36,865	\$	34,823
80 - 84		17		70		61		41		23		40		27		297
Avg. Benefit	۲	17	۲.	78 25 454	۲		۲.	41	۲.		۲.	40	۲.	37	۲	
Avg. benefit	Ş	32,064	Ş	33,131	Ş	33,332	Ş	34,349	Ş	35,797	Ş	30,309	Ş	39,568	\$	35,317
85 - 89		9		41		60		32		29		33		45		249
Avg. Benefit	Ś		Ś		Ś		Ś	_	Ś	_	Ś	31,592	Ś	34,697	\$	34,658
	,	,	,		,	55,155	,	_,,,,,,	,		7	-,	7	- 1,	•	.,
90+		8		36		34		31		35		53		74		271
Avg. Benefit	\$	41,402	\$	40,963	\$	34,763	\$	29,500	\$	32,533	\$	32,866	\$	29,973	\$	33,214
Total		131		461		394		285		207		223		258		1,959
Avg. Benefit	\$	32,483	\$	34,722	\$	33,404	\$	31,219	\$	34,045	\$	34,222	\$	35,911	\$	33,826

In each cell, the top number is the count of survivors for the age/years since death combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount as of the valuation date.



#### **Distribution of Disability Retirements**

Years Disabled\* as of June 30, 2022

Age	<1	1-4	5-9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	Total
< 45 Avg. Benefit	\$ 86 50,531	\$ 200 47,475	\$ 41 40,694	\$ 13 30,591	\$ 5 32,486			\$ 345 46,577
45 - 49 Avg. Benefit	\$ 40 53,169	\$ 120 50,841	\$ 54 42,019	\$ 11 37,479	\$ 5 32,251			\$ 230 48,132
50 - 54 Avg. Benefit	\$ 45 60,608	\$ 152 60,000	\$ 65 47,717	\$ 22 37,171	\$ 23 35,585	\$ 4 32,781	\$ 2 28,663	\$ 313 53,590
55 - 59 Avg. Benefit	\$ 27 60,176	\$ 94 56,720	\$ 30 50,042	\$ 10 45,248	\$ 26 39,929	\$ 17 36,034	\$ 4 35,761	\$ 208 51,461
60 - 64 Avg. Benefit	\$ 5 44,110	\$ 42 49,562	\$ 30 41,041	\$ 10 44,886	\$ 42 43,305	\$ 37 40,031	\$ 8 44,585	\$ 174 43,902
65 - 69 Avg. Benefit	\$ 3 33,334	\$ 14 40,133	\$ 17 57,023	\$ 21 52,932	\$ 70 48,711	\$ 52 43,871	\$ 8 47,856	\$ 185 47,658
70 - 74 Avg. Benefit	\$ 1 49,345	\$ 2 41,992	\$ 11 45,330	\$ 2 59,894	\$ 72 49,896	\$ 115 54,438	\$ 21 52,215	\$ 224 52,237
75+ Avg. Benefit			\$ 2 72,405	\$ 5 61,564	\$ 26 51,948	\$ 116 55,282	\$ 84 59,213	\$ 233 56,609
Total Avg. Benefit	\$ 207 54,079	\$ 624 52,524	\$ 250 45,537	\$ 94 43,279	\$ 269 45,918	\$ 341 50,379	\$ 127 55,199	\$ 1,912 50,190

<sup>\*</sup> Based on effective date as provided by PERA; "Years Disabled" may reflect years since age 65 for members over age 65.

In each cell, the top number is the count of disabled participants for the age/years disabled combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount as of the valuation date.



#### **Reconciliation of Members**

		Termi	nated		Recipients		
		Deferred	Other Non-	Service	Disability		
	Actives	Retirement	Vested	Retirement	Retirement	Survivor	Total
Members on 7/1/2021	11,705	1,813	912	8,021	1,684	1,951	26,086
New members	822						822
Return to active	63	(28)	(35)	0	0	0	0
Terminated non-vested	(129)	0	129	0	0	0	0
Service retirements	(279)	(137)	0	416	0	0	0
Terminated deferred	(269)	269	0	0	0	0	0
Terminated refund/transfer	(60)	(27)	(83)	0	0	0	(170)
Deaths	(10)	(7)	(3)	(220)	(42)	(119)	(401)
New beneficiary	0	0	0	0	0	127	127
Disabled	(214)	0	0	0	214	0	0
Data adjustments	0	(19)	37	19	56	0	93
Net change	(76)	51	45	215	228	8	471
Members on 6/30/2022	11,629	1,864	957	8,236	1,912	1,959	26,557

### **Summary of Membership**

Active Member Statistics	Total
Number	11,629
Average age	40.1
Average service	12.0
Average salary	\$ 93,151

	Deferred	Other Non-	
Terminated Member Statistics	Retirement	Vested	Total
Number	1,864	957	2,821
Average age	45.7	43.9	45.1
Average service	8.4	0.9	5.8
Average annual benefit, with augmentation to December 31,			
2018 and 33% Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load	\$25,777	N/A	\$25,777
Average refund value, with 33% CSA load			
(2% CSA load for Non-Vested)	\$59,416	\$4,989	\$40,952

	S	ervice	Di	sabled			
Retiree & Survivor Member Statistics	R	etirees	Re	etirees	Sur	vivors	Total
Number		8,236		1,912		1,959	12,107
Average age		68.6		57.7		73.5	67.6
Average annual benefit	\$	58,549	\$	50,190	\$	33,826	\$ 53,229



#### **Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet (Dollars in Thousands)**

The actuarial balance sheet is based on the principle that the long-term projected benefit obligations of the plan should be ideally equal to the long-term resources available to fund those obligations. A Projected Benefit Funding Ratio less than 100% indicates that contributions are insufficient. The resources available to meet projected obligations for current members consist of current Fund assets plus the present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members. In the exhibit below, B.2 is the estimated present value of contributions to fund the normal cost rate for current members until their respective termination dates. Item B.1 is the present value of the total 31.77% statutory contribution net of normal cost and anticipated plan expenses during the period from the valuation date to the statutory amortization date. Item D. Current Benefit Obligation, is the liability based on current service and projected compensation (the Entry Age Normal cost method is used to determine liabilities and contributions elsewhere in the report).

The contributions made in excess of amounts required for current benefit payments are accumulated as a reserve to help meet benefit payments in later years. It is this reserve system which permits the establishment of a level rate of contribution each year.

•				Ju	ne 30, 2022
A. Actuarial Value of Assets				\$	10,563,877
B. Expected Future Assets					
Present value of expected future statutory supplemental co	ntributions	*		\$	1,968,463
2. Present value of future normal cost contributions				\$	2,058,899
3. Total expected future assets: (1.) + (2.)				\$	4,027,362
C. Total Current and Expected Future Assets (A.+ B.3)				\$	14,591,239
D. Current Benefit Obligations**					
1. Benefit recipients	No	n-Vested	 Vested		Total
a. Service retirements	\$	-	\$ 5,304,388	\$	5,304,388
b. Disability retirements	\$	-	\$ 1,215,997	\$	1,215,997
c. Survivors	\$	-	\$ 535,518	\$	535,518
2. Deferred retirements with augmentation	\$	-	\$ 395,476	\$	395,476
3. Former members without vested rights	\$	2,057	\$ -	\$	2,057
4. Active members	\$ \$	291,733	\$ 3,284,719	\$	3,576,452
5. Total current benefit obligations	\$	293,790	\$ 10,736,098	\$	11,029,888
E. Expected Future Benefit Obligations				\$	2,380,478
F. Total Current and Expected Future Benefit Obligations***				\$	13,410,366
G. Unfunded Current Benefit Obligations: (D.5.) - (A.)				\$	466,011
H. Unfunded Current and Future Benefit Obligations: (F.) - (C.)				\$	(1,180,873)
I. Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio: (A.)/(D.5.)					95.78%
J. Projected Benefit Funding Ratio: (C.)/(F.)					108.81%

<sup>\*</sup> Per the LCPR Standards for Actuarial Work, calculated assuming the current contribution toward the unfunded liability continues for the entire amortization period.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Present value of projected benefits (projected compensation, projected service).



<sup>\*\*</sup> Present value of credited projected benefits (projected compensation, current service).

# Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate (Dollars in Thousands)

	Actuarial Present A Value of Projected			Actuarial Accrued	
		Benefits	N	ormal Costs	Liability
A. Determination of Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)					
1. Active members					
a. Retirement annuities	\$	5,092,547	\$	1,420,077	\$ 3,672,470
b. Disability benefits	\$	583,628	\$	406,139	\$ 177,489
c. Survivor's benefits	\$	83,391	\$	55,878	\$ 27,513
d. Deferred retirements	\$	170,567	\$	140,639	\$ 29,928
e. Refunds*	\$	26,797	\$	36,166	\$ (9,369)
f. Total	\$	5,956,930	\$	2,058,899	\$ 3,898,031
2. Deferred retirements with future augmentation	\$	395,476	\$	-	\$ 395,476
3. Former members without vested rights	\$	2,057	\$	-	\$ 2,057
4. Annuitants	\$	7,055,903	\$		\$ 7,055,903
5. Total	\$	13,410,366	\$	2,058,899	\$ 11,351,467
B. Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	/ (UAAL	)			
1. Actuarial accrued liability					\$ 11,351,467
2. Current assets (AVA)					\$ 10,563,877
3. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability					\$ 787,590
C. Determination of Supplemental Contribution Rate**					
1. Present value of future payrolls through the					
amortization date of June 30, 2048					\$ 17,466,395
2. Supplemental contribution rate: (B.3.) / (C.1.)					4.51% ***

<sup>\*</sup> Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.



<sup>\*\*</sup> The amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) using the current amortization method results in initial payments less than the "interest only" payment on the UAAL. Payments less than the interest only amount will result in the UAAL increasing for an initial period of time.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The amortization factor as of July 1, 2022 is 15.421163.

#### Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (Dollars in Thousands)

Year Ending June 30, 2022 **Actuarial Accrued Unfunded Actuarial** Liability Accrued Liability **Current Assets** \$ \$ \$ 10,793,845 862,842 A. Values at beginning of year 9,931,003 B. Changes due to interest requirements and current rate of funding 1. Normal cost, including expenses \$ 224,670 \$ \$ 224,670 2. Benefit payments \$ (637,451)\$ (637,451) \$ 3. Contributions \$ \$ 357,439 \$ (357,439)\$ \$ \$ 4. Interest on A., B.1., B.2. and B.3. 794,059 734,325 59,734 5. Total (B.1. + B.2. + B.3. + B.4.) \$ \$ \$ 381,278 454,313 (73,035)C. Expected values at end of year (A. + B.5.) \$ \$ 789,807 11,175,123 \$ 10,385,316 D. Increase (decrease) due to actuarial losses (gains) because of experience deviations from expected \$ 1. Age and service retirements 7,823 2. Disability retirements \$ 73,062 \$ 3. Death-in-service benefits 150 \$ (3,843) 4. Withdrawals \$ 5. Salary increases 81,582 \$ 6. Investment income (178,561)\$ 7. Mortality of annuitants (24,996)8. Other items \$ 28,197 9. Total (16,586)E. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year before plan amendments and changes in actuarial assumptions (C. + D.9.) \$ 773,221 F. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in plan provisions \$ G. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in actuarial \$ assumptions 14,369 H. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in methodology I. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (E. + F. + G. + H.)\* 787,590



<sup>\*</sup> The unfunded actuarial accrued liability on a market value of assets basis is \$935,974.

#### **Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency)** (Dollars in Thousands)

The required contribution is defined in Minnesota statutes as the sum of normal cost, a supplemental contribution to amortize the UAAL, and an allowance for expenses. The dollar amounts shown are for illustration purposes and equal percent of pay multiplied by projected annual payroll.

	Percent of Payroll		Dollar Amount
A. Statutory contributions - Chapter 353			
1. Employee contributions	11.80%	\$	133,650
2. Employer contributions	17.70%	\$	200,475
3. Minneapolis Police contributions	0.40%	\$	4,490
4. Minneapolis Fire contributions	0.28%	\$	3,189
5. State contributions***	1.59%	\$	18,000
6. Total	31.77%	\$	359,804
B. Required contributions - Chapter 356  1. Normal cost			
a. Retirement benefits	14.05%	ċ	159,134
	4.06%	\$ ¢	45,985
<ul><li>b. Disability benefits</li><li>c. Survivors</li></ul>	4.06% 0.55%	\$ \$	45,965 6,229
d. Deferred retirement benefits	1.40%	۶ \$	15,857
e. Refunds*	0.29%	۶ \$	3,285
f. Total	20.35%	\$	230,490
2. Supplemental contribution amortization of Unfunded			
Actuarial Accrued Liability by June 30, 2048	4.51%	\$	51,081
3. Allowance for expenses	0.15%	\$	1,699
4. Total	25.01% **	\$	283,270
C. Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (A.6 B.4.)	6.76%	\$	76,534

Note: Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date: \$1,132,625 (determined by increasing reported pay for each member by one full year's assumed pay increase according to the actuarial salary scale, as prescribed by the LCPR Standards for Actuarial Work).

- \* Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.
- \*\* The required contribution on a market value of assets basis is 25.86% of payroll.
- \*\*\* \$9.0 million contributions paid until both PERA P&F and MSRS State Patrol reach 90% funding (on an Actuarial Value of Assets basis), or July 1, 2048, if earlier. In addition, \$9.0 million starting in fiscal year 2021, paid each year until the plan reaches 100% funding (on an Actuarial Value of Assets basis), or July 1, 2048, if earlier.



#### **Consolidated Groups (Dollars in Thousands)**

The Minneapolis Police Relief Association (MPRA) and Minneapolis Firefighters' Relief Association (MFRA) were consolidated with the P&F Plan on December 30, 2011, per 2011 legislation. Until July 15, 2018, each employer contributed annually an amount to amortize the unfunded liability by December 31, 2031. Beginning July 15, 2019, the employer will contribute \$4,489,837 for MPRA and \$3,188,735 for MFRA, each July 15<sup>th</sup> through 2031.

As of June 30, 2022

_		I	MPRA		MFRA						
Group	Number	Annual Benefits				Average Age	Number	_	Annual enefits	Average Age	
Active Members	0		N/A	N/A	0		N/A	N/A			
Service Retirements	312	\$	20,624	79.0	200	\$	13,601	78.5			
Disability Retirements	13	\$	782	76.5	30	\$	1,963	77.9			
Survivors	194	\$	7,126	80.3	134	\$	4,982	81.8			
Total	519	\$	28,532	79.4	364	\$	20,546	79.7			



#### **Actuarial Methods**

All actuarial methods are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement, or the Board of Trustees. Different methodologies may also be reasonable and results based on other methodologies would produce different results.

#### **Actuarial Cost Method**

Actuarial Accrued Liability and required contributions in this report are computed using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. This method is prescribed by Minnesota Statute. Under this method, a normal cost is developed by amortizing the actuarial value of benefits expected to be received by each active participant (as a level percentage of pay) over the total working lifetime of that participant, from hire to termination. Age as of the valuation date was calculated based on the dates of birth provided by the Fund. Entry age for valuation purposes was calculated as the age on the valuation date minus the provided years of service on the valuation date.

To the extent that current assets and future normal costs do not support participants' expected future benefits, an Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL") develops. The UAAL is amortized over the statutory amortization period using level percent-of-payroll. The total contribution developed under this method is the sum of normal cost, expenses, and the payment toward the UAAL.

#### **Funding Objective**

The fundamental financing objective of the Plan is to establish contribution rates which, when expressed as a percentage of active member payroll, will remain approximately level from generation to generation and meet the required deadline for full funding.



#### **Actuarial Methods (Concluded)**

#### **Asset Valuation Method**

The assets are valued based on a five-year moving average of expected and market values (five-year average actuarial value) and determined as follows:

- At the end of each plan year, an average asset value is calculated as the average of the market asset value at the beginning and end of the fiscal year net of investment income for the fiscal year;
- The investment gain or (loss) is taken as the excess of actual investment income over the expected investment income based on the average asset value as calculated above;
- The investment gain or (loss) so determined is recognized over five years at 20% per year; and
- The asset value is the sum of the market asset value plus the scheduled recognition of investment gains or (losses) during the current and the preceding four fiscal years.

#### **Payment on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability**

Payment equals a level percentage of payroll each year to the statutory amortization date of June 30, 2048 assuming payroll increases of 3.00% per annum. If there is a negative Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, the surplus amount is amortized over 30 years as a level percentage of payroll. If the unfunded liability increases due to changes in benefits, assumptions, or methods, the statutory amortization date may be extended.

As required by the Standards for Actuarial Work, projected payroll is 1) determined by increasing reported payroll for each member by one full year's assumed pay increase according to the actuarial salary scale and 2) multiplied by 0.962 in the determination of the present value of future payroll to account for timing differences. This statutory method produces a required contribution that is similar to, but slightly below, the contribution that would be produced by more common actuarial methods.

#### **Changes in Methods Since Prior Valuation**

There have been no changes in actuarial methods since the prior valuation.



#### **Summary of Actuarial Assumptions**

The following assumptions were used in valuing the liabilities and benefits under the plan. All actuarial assumptions are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), or the Board of Trustees. These parties are responsible for selecting the assumptions used for this valuation. Unless noted otherwise, the assumptions prescribed are based on the last experience study, dated July 14, 2020. The Allowance for Combined Service Annuity assumptions are based on an analysis completed by the LCPR actuary and documented in a report dated October 2016.

Investment return	7.50% per annum (prescribed by Minnesota Statutes).	
Salary increases	Reported salary at valuation date increased according to the rate table, to current fiscal year and annually for each future year. Prior fiscal year salary is annualized for members with less than one year of service earned during the year.	
Inflation	2.25% per year.	
Payroll growth	3.00% per year.	
Mortality rates		
Healthy pre-retirement	Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality Table adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021.	
Healthy post-retirement	Pub-2010 Healthy Retired Public Safety Mortality Table adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021. Male rates are multiplied by a factor of 0.98.	
Disabled	Pub-2010 Public Safety Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021. Male rates are multiplied by a factor of 1.05.	
Notes	The Pub-2010 employee mortality table as published by the Society of Actuaries (SOA) contains mortality rates for ages 18 to 80 and the annuitant mortality table contains mortality rates for ages 50 to 120. We have extended the annuitant mortality table as needed for members and beneficiaries younger than age 50 who are receiving a benefit by deriving rates based on the employee table and the juvenile table. Similarly, we have extended the employee table as needed for members older than age 80 by deriving rates based on the annuitant table.	
Retirement	Members retiring from active status are assumed to retire according to the related rates shown in the rate table. Members who have attained the high assumed retirement age are assumed to retire in one year. Note that plan changes reflected in this report may ultimately result in behavior changes that are not anticipated in the current retirement rates.	
Withdrawal	Service-related rates based on actual experience; see table of sample rates	



### **Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

Disability	Age-related rates based on experience; see table of sample rates. All incidences				
Allowance for combined service annuity	are assumed to be duty-related.  Liabilities for former members are increased by 33.0% for vested member 2.0% for non-vested members to account for the effect of some participation.				
	having eligibility for a Combined Service Annuity.				
Administrative expenses	Prior year administrative expenses expressed as a percentage of prior year projected payroll.				
Refund of contributions	For non-vested members, account balances accumulate interest until the				
	assumed commencement date and are discounted back to the valuation date.				
	Active members decrementing after becoming eligible for a benefit are				
	assumed to take the contributions accumulated with interest if larger than the				
Commence and and a deferment	value of the benefit.				
Commencement of deferred benefits	Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to begin receiving benefits at age 55.				
Percentage married	85% of male and 70% of female active members are assumed to be married.				
r creentage married	Actual marital status is used for members in payment status.				
Age of spouse	Males are assumed to be two years older than females. For members in				
00 0. 010 0.00	payment status, actual spouse date of birth is used, if provided.				
Eligible children	Retiring members are assumed to have no dependent children.				
Form of payment	Married members retiring from active status are assumed to elect subsidized joint and survivor form of annuity as follows:				
	Males: 7.5% elect 25% Joint & Survivor option 15.0% elect 50% Joint & Survivor option 12.5% elect 75% Joint & Survivor option				
	55.0% elect 100% Joint & Survivor option Females: 15.0% elect 25% Joint & Survivor option				
	30.0% elect 50% Joint & Survivor option				
	5.0% elect 75% Joint & Survivor option				
	20.0% elect 100% Joint & Survivor option				
	Remaining married members and unmarried members are assumed to elect the Straight Life option.				
	Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to elect a straight life annuity.				
Eligibility testing	Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and				
	service on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.				
Decrement operation	Withdrawal decrements do not operate during retirement eligibility.  Decrements are assumed to occur mid-fiscal year.				
Service credit accruals	It is assumed that members accrue one year of service credit per year.				
Benefit service	Exact fractional service is used to determine the amount of benefit payable.				



### **Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

Pay Increases	Pay increases are assumed to happen at the beginning of the fiscal year. This is equivalent to assuming that reported earnings are pensionable earnings for the year ending on the valuation date.
Final average salary	For present value of future benefit purposes, final average salary was calculated in accordance with pay increase assumptions, but was not permitted to fall below the final average salary reported in the data.
Unknown data for certain members	To prepare this report, GRS has used and relied on participant data supplied by the Fund. Although GRS has reviewed the data in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 23, GRS has not verified or audited any of the data or information provided.
	In cases where submitted data was missing or incomplete, the following assumptions, based on average results for applicable members at the time of the last experience study, were applied:
	Data for active members: There were 33 members reported with a salary less than \$100 after annualization. We used prior year salary (22 members), if available; otherwise high five salary with a 10% load to account for salary increases (9 members). If neither prior year salary nor high five salary was available, we assumed a value of \$60,000.
	There were also 209 members reported without a gender. We assumed male gender. There were 2 members reported without a date of birth. We assumed these members were hired at age 30.
	Data for terminated members:  We calculated benefits for these members using the reported Average Salary and credited service. If Average Salary was not reported (no members), we assumed a value of \$24,000. If credited service was not reported (15 members), we used elapsed time from hire date to termination date (15 members); if elapsed time was not available, we assumed nine years of service. If termination date was invalid or not reported (8 members), we assumed the termination date was equal to the hire date plus credited service, otherwise the valuation date. If the reported termination date occurs prior to the reported hire date, the two dates were swapped.
	There were 11 members reported without a gender; male was assumed.
	There were no members reported without a date of birth.
	<u>Data for retired members:</u> There were no members with missing or invalid dates of birth. There was 1 member reported with a \$0 benefit amount. Due to the small number of members with missing benefits, we made no adjustment to the reported



retirees are male and beneficiaries are female.

data. There were 28 members reported without a gender. We assumed

### **Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

Unknown data for certain members (Concluded)	Data for retired members (Concluded):  Because PERA reclassifies disabled members as retirees once the member reaches Normal Retirement Age, we compare the members that PERA reports as retirees to our disabled group from the last valuation. If a member was disabled in the prior valuation, we reclassify that member as a disabled retiree in this year's valuation. We reclassified 268 retirees as disabled retirees in this valuation.
Changes in actuarial assumptions since the prior valuation	The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2020 to MP-2021.



#### **Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

Percentage of Members Dying Each Year\*

	Health	y Post-	Health	ıy Pre-	Disal	bility
Age in	Retirement Mortality**		Retirement	Mortality**	Morta	ality**
2022	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
20	0.04%	0.02%	0.04%	0.02%	0.13%	0.06%
25	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.13	0.08
30	0.06	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.18	0.12
35	0.07	0.05	0.07	0.05	0.22	0.17
40	0.08	0.06	0.08	0.06	0.24	0.19
45	0.13	0.08	0.09	0.07	0.27	0.22
50	0.18	0.14	0.11	0.08	0.35	0.28
55	0.29	0.26	0.17	0.12	0.48	0.46
60	0.51	0.46	0.27	0.18	0.80	0.73
65	0.87	0.74	0.41	0.22	1.26	1.01
70	1.42	1.17	0.71	0.40	1.86	1.41
75	2.46	2.02	1.27	0.80	3.03	2.16
80	4.49	3.63	2.40	1.65	5.28	3.63
85	8.23	6.46	7.52	5.66	8.90	6.46
90	14.58	11.29	14.87	11.29	15.62	11.29

<sup>\*</sup> Generally, mortality rates are expected to increase as age increases (with the exception of young ages, where expected mortality may decrease as age increases). In cases where the application of the projection scale would reverse the nature of this trend, standard mortality rates have been adjusted slightly. The adjustment has no material effect on these results.

### Rates of Disability

	Retirement		
Age	Males	Females	
20	0.11%	0.11%	
25	0.14	0.14	
30	0.21	0.21	
35	0.34	0.34	
40	0.54	0.54	
45	0.62	0.62	
50	0.95	0.95	
55	1.30	1.30	
60	1.30	1.30	



<sup>\*\*</sup> Rates are adjusted for mortality improvement using Scale MP-2021, from a base year of 2010.

# **Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded)**

Rates of Service			Withdrawal	Salary Scale			
Age	Retirement	Year	Rates	Year	Increase		
50	7.50%	1	6.00%	1	11.75%		
51	5.00	2	4.00	2	9.25		
52	5.00	3	2.75	3	8.00		
53	7.50	4	2.50	4	7.00		
54	10.00	5	2.50	5	5.50		
55	30.00	6	2.25	6	4.80		
56	20.00	7	2.25	7	4.60		
57	22.50	8	2.00	8	4.30		
58	25.00	9	2.00	9	4.10		
59	25.00	10	2.00	10	4.00		
60	20.00	11	1.75	11	3.90		
61	25.00	12	1.50	12	3.80		
62	30.00	13	1.50	13	3.70		
63	27.50	14	1.50	14	3.60		
64	27.50	15	1.50	15	3.50		
65	50.00	16	1.50	16	3.50		
66	40.00	17	1.50	17	3.50		
67	50.00	18	1.25	18	3.50		
68	50.00	19	1.25	19	3.40		
69	50.00	20	1.25	20	3.40		
70+	100.00	21+	1.00	21	3.40		
			·	22	3.30		
				23	3.15		
				24+	3.00		



### **Summary of Plan Provisions – Police and Fire Plan**

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. PERA is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report.

Plan year	July 1 through June 30.						
Eligibility	All full-time and certain part-time police officers and fire fighters, and certain paramedics, who are not contributing to any other local retirement fund.						
Contributions	Effective as of Member Employer Total						
	January 1, 2020 and later 11.80% 17.70% 29.50%						
	Member contributions are "picked up" according to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code 414(h).						
State contributions	\$9 million paid annually on October 1 until both PERA P&F and MSRS State Patrol become 90% funded (on an actuarial value of assets basis), or July 1, 2048, if earlier.						
	In addition, \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter, until the plan reaches 100% funding on an actuarial value of assets basis, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.						
Allowable service	Police and Fire service during which member contributions were made. May also include certain leaves of absence and military service.						
Salary	Includes amounts deducted for deferred compensation or supplemental retirement plans, net income from fees and sick leave payments funded by the employer. Excludes unused annual leaves and sick leave payments, severance payments, Workers' Compensation benefits and employer-paid flexible spending accounts, cafeteria plans, healthcare expense accounts, day-care expenses, fringe benefits and the cost of insurance coverage.						
Average salary  Average of the five highest successive years of salary. Average Salary is based on all Allowable Service if less than five years.							



# **Summary of Plan Provisions – Police and Fire Plan (Continued)**

Vesting		•	Vesting Percent if First Hir	ed
	Years of Service	Before 7/1/2010	After 6/30/2010 & Before 7/1/2014	After 6/30/2014
	<3	0%	0%	0%
	3 – 4	100	0	0
	5	100	50	0
	6	100	60	0
	7	100	70	0
	8	100	80	0
	9	100	90	0
	10	100	100	50
	11	100	100	55
	12	100	100	60
	13	100	100	65
	14	100	100	70
	15	100	100	75
	16	100	100	80
	17	100	100	85
	18	100	100	90
	19	100	100	95
	20+	100	100	100



### Summary of Plan Provisions - Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

#### Retirement

Normal retirement benefit

Age/service requirement

Age 55 and at least partially vested. Proportionate Retirement Annuity is available

at age 65 and one year of Allowable Service.

Amount 3.00% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service (up to 33 years if hired

after June 30, 2014), pro-rata for completed months, adjusted for partial vesting if

applicable. A pro-rata share of member contributions will be refunded at

retirement for excess service.

Early retirement

Age/service requirement

Age 50 and at least partially vested.

Amount Normal Retirement Benefit based on Allowable Service and Average Salary at

retirement date and 0.10% (0.20% for members enrolled in the plan after June 30, 2007) reduction for each month the member is under age 55. If the effective date of retirement is after June 30, 2019, the reduction is 5/12% for each month that

the member is under age 55 at the time of retirement.

Form of payment Life annuity with return on death of any balance of contributions over aggregate

monthly payments. Actuarially equivalent options are:

25%, 50%, 75% or 100% Joint and Survivor with bounce back feature. The Joint and Survivor options are determined on an actuarially equivalent basis, but with

no actuarial reduction for the bounce back feature.

Benefit Increases Benefit recipients receive 1.00% increases each year in January.

A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a pro rata increase. For retirements after May 31, 2014, the first increase will be delayed

two years.

Members retired under laws in effect before July 1, 1973 receive an additional lump sum payment each year. In 1989, this lump sum payment is the greater of \$25 times each full year of Allowable Service or the difference between \$400 times each full year of Allowable Service and the sum of benefits paid from any Minnesota public pension plan plus cash payments from the Social Security Administration for the preceding fiscal year July 1, 1988 through June 30, 1989. In each following year, the lump sum payment will increase by the same percentage increase that is applied to regular annuities paid from the Fund. Effective January 1, 2002, annual lump sum payment is divided by 12 and paid as

a monthly life annuity in the annuity form elected.



### **Summary of Plan Provisions – Police and Fire Plan (Continued)**

#### Disability

**Duty disability benefit** 

Age/service requirement Physically or mentally unable to perform normal duties as a police officer or

fire fighter as a direct result of an act of duty specific to protecting property and personal safety of others. Members age 55 or older with 20 or more years

of Allowable Service are not eligible to apply for duty disability benefits.

Amount 60.0%, plus an additional 3.00% for each year of service in excess of 20 years,

of Average Salary paid until Normal Retirement Age, or for 60 months, whichever is later. The retirement benefit is then recalculated but is never

lower than the disability benefit.

If a member became disabled prior to July 1, 1997 but did not commence their benefit before July 1, 1997, the benefit is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997, and an actuarial increase shall be made for the

change in post-retirement interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.

Regular disability benefit

Age/service requirement Physically or mentally unable to perform normal duties as a police officer or fire

fighter with one year of Allowable Service. Members age 55 or older with 15 or more years of Allowable Service are not eligible to apply for regular disability

benefits.

Amount 45.00% of Average Salary, paid until Normal Retirement Age, or for 60 months,

whichever is later. The retirement benefit is then recalculated but is never lower than the disability benefit. Benefits for total and permanent regular disability are calculated as 3.00% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable

Service, with a minimum of 45.00% of Average Salary.

If a member became disabled prior to July 1, 1997 but did not commence his or her benefit before July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997, and an actuarial increase shall be made for the

change in post-retirement interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.

Retirement benefit

Age/service requirement Upon cessation of disability benefits.

Amount Any optional annuity continues. Otherwise, the larger of the disability benefit

paid before age 55 or the normal retirement benefit available at age 55, or an

actuarially equivalent optional annuity.

Form of payment Same as for retirement.

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.



### Summary of Plan Provisions - Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

#### Death

Surviving spouse benefit

Age/service Death of active member or regular disabled member with surviving spouse requirement whose disability benefit accrued before July 1, 2007, who is vested at death

(service requirement is waived if death occurs in the line of duty).

Amount 50.00% of salary (60.00% if death occurs in the line of duty after June 30,

2007) averaged over last six months. Benefit paid until spouse's death but no

payments while spouse is remarried prior to July 1, 1991.

If a member died prior to July 1, 1997 and the beneficiary was not eligible to commence their survivor benefits before July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997, and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates

from 5.00% to 6.00%.

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.

Surviving dependent children's benefit

Age/service Non-duty related death of active member or regular disabled member with

requirement eligible dependent child.

Amount 10.00% of salary averaged over last six months for each child. Family benefit

minimum (including spouse's benefit) of 50.00% of salary and maximum of 70.00% of salary. Benefits paid until child marries, dies, or attains age 18 (age

23 if full-time student).

Duty disability surviving spouse benefit

requirement

Age/service Member who is totally and permanently disabled who dies before age 55 or

within five years of the effective date of the disability benefit, whichever is

later.

Amount 60.00% of salary averaged over last six months. Benefits paid until spouse's

death but no payments while spouse is remarried prior to July 1, 1991.

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.



July 1, 2022 Funding Valuation

### Summary of Plan Provisions - Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

#### Death (Concluded)

Duty disability surviving dependent children's benefit

Age/service Death of a member with an eligible dependent child who was disabled in the

requirement line of duty and died as a direct result of the disability.

Amount 10.00% of salary averaged over last six months for each child. Family benefit

minimum (including spouse's benefit) of 60.00% of salary and maximum of 80.00% of salary. Benefits paid until child marries, dies, or attains age 18 (age

23 if full-time student).

If a member died prior to July 1, 1997 and the beneficiary was not eligible to commence their survivor benefits before July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997, and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates

from 5.00% to 6.00%.

Surviving spouse optional annuity

requirement

Age/service Active member dies before age 55. Benefits commence when member would

have been age 55 or as early as age 50 if qualified for early retirement,

benefits commence immediately if member had 30 years of service.

Amount Survivor's payment of the 100% joint and survivor benefit the member could

have elected if terminated. Alternatively, spouse may elect refund of deceased's contributions with interest if there are no dependent children.

If a member died prior to July 1, 1997 and the beneficiary was not eligible to commence their survivor benefits before July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997, and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates

from 5.00% to 6.00%.

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.



### **Summary of Plan Provisions – Police and Fire Plan (Continued)**

#### **Termination**

#### Refund of contributions

Age/service requirement

Termination of public service.

**Amount** 

Member's contributions with 6.00% interest through June 30, 2011. Beginning July 1, 2011, a member's contributions increase at 4.00% interest. Beginning July 1, 2018, a member's contributions increase at 3.00% interest. If a member is vested, a deferred annuity may be elected in lieu of a refund.

#### Deferred benefit

Age/service requirement

Partially or fully vested.

**Amount** 

Benefit computed under law in effect at termination and increased by the following percentage (augmentation) compounded annually for terminations prior to 2012:

- (a.) 0.00% before July 1, 1971;
- (b.) 5.00% from July 1, 1971 to January 1, 1981;
- (c.) 3.00% (2.50% if hired after June 30, 2006) thereafter until the earlier of January 1 of the year following attainment of age 55 and January 1, 2012;
- (d.) 5.00% (2.50% if hired after June 30, 2006) thereafter until the earlier of the date the annuity begins and January 1, 2012;
- (e.) 1.00% from January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2018; and
- (f.) 0.00% from January 1, 2019, thereafter.

Members who terminate after 2011 will receive no future augmentation.

If a member terminated employment prior to July 1, 1997 but was not eligible to commence their pension before July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997 and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.

#### Form of payment

Same as for retirement.

#### **Actuarial equivalent factors**

Effective July 1, 2019, actuarially equivalent factors based on the RP-2014 mortality table for healthy annuitants for a member turning age 55 in 2021, reflecting projected mortality improvements using Scale MP-2017, male rates multiplied by 0.96, blended 90% males, and 6.50% interest.



# **Summary of Plan Provisions – Police and Fire Plan (Concluded)**

Combined service annuity	Members are eligible for combined service benefits if they:						
	<ul><li>(a.) Meet minimum retirement age for each plan participated in and total public service meets the vesting requirements of each plan; or</li><li>(b.) Have three or more years of service under PERA and the covered fund(s) (if hired prior to July 1, 2010).</li></ul>						
	Other requirements for combined service include:						
	(a.) Member must have at least six months of allowable service credit in each plan worked under; and						
	(b.) Member may not be in receipt of a benefit from another plan.						
	Members who meet the above requirements must have their benefits based on the following:						
	(a.) Allowable service in all covered plans is combined in order to determine eligibility for early retirement.						
	(b.) Average salary is based on the high five consecutive years during their entire service in all covered plans.						



There have been no changes in plan provisions since the prior valuation.



# **Summary of Plan Provisions – Minneapolis Police Relief Association**

Normal retirement benefit	Monthly benefits are equal to the number of units multiplied by the unit value described herein. Units are based on service, as follows:							
	<u>Service</u>	Units						
	20	35.0 units						
	21	36.6 units						
	22	38.2 units						
	23	39.8 units						
	24	41.4 units						
	25 or more	43.0 units						
	Members must be at least age 50 with 5	years of service to receive this benefit.						
Unit values								
	<u>Calendar Year</u>	Unit Value						
	2012	\$ 104.651						
	2013	109.011						
	2014	114.825						
	2015	124.031						
	Unit values after 2015 are assumed to post-retirement benefit increase.	increase the same percentage as the						
Surviving spouse's benefit	Annual benefit based on 23 units for the surviving spouse of an active or retired							
<b>5</b> .	member. Upon retirement, members may choose an alternative form of							
	payment that provides 50%, 75%, or 10	0% of their benefit to their spouse after						
	their death. The units are adjusted if on	e of these alternate forms is selected.						
Surviving children's benefit	Annual benefit based on 8 units for each	n surviving child of an active or retired						
	member. Benefits continue to age 18 o							
	age 22. The total benefit for surviving ch	nildren and spouse combined is limited						
	to 41 units.							
Contributions	Member and employer contributions equal to 8.00% of the monthly unit value							
	multiplied by 80 are required for each member. After 25 years of service,							
	member contributions are paid to a separate health insurance account.							
	Until July 15, 2018, the employer contr	ibuted annually an amount to						
	amortize the unfunded liability by Dece	ember 31, 2031. Beginning July 15,						
	2019, the employer will contribute \$4,4	489,837 each July 15 through 2031.						



**Benefit increases** 

Benefit recipients receive 1.00% increases each year in January.

# **Summary of Plan Provisions – Minneapolis Firefighters' Relief Association**

Normal retirement benefit	Monthly benefits are equal to the number of units multiplied by the unit values described herein. Units are based on service, as follows:						
	<u>Service</u>	<u>Units</u>					
	15	25.0 units					
	16	26.6 units					
	17	28.2 units					
	18	29.8 units					
	19	31.4 units					
	20	35.0 units					
	21	36.6 units					
	22	38.2 units					
	23	39.8 units					
	24	41.4 units					
	25 or more	43.0 units					
	Members must be at least age 50	with 5 years of service to receive this benefit.					
	Members may choose among alte	ernative survivor payment forms which modify					
	the number of units payable to th	e member and their spouse. A member who					
	is single at the time of retirement	and who has at least 25 years of service may					
	_	e condition of a reduced survivor payment to					
	any future spouse.	• ,					
Unit values	Calendar Year	<u>Unit Value</u>					
	2013	\$100.775					
	2014	104.264					
	2015	124.031					
	Unit values after 2015 are assum	ed to increase the same percentage as the					
	post-retirement benefit increase						
Birchille London	•						
Disability benefit	Annual benefit based on 41 units for the disabled member.						
Surviving spouse's benefit		for the surviving spouse of an active or retired					
	member and 22 units for the surv	iving spouse of a disabled member. Upon					
	retirement, members may choose	e an alternative form of payment that					
	provides 50%, 75% or 100% of the	eir benefit to their spouse after their death.					
	The units are adjusted if one of th	ese alternate forms is selected.					
Surviving children's benefit	Annual benefit based on 8 units for	or each surviving child of an active or retired					
6 mm - 1		e 18 or if the child is a full-time student, to					
		ving children and spouse combined is limited					
	to 43 units.	on a speaker contained to minicular					
Contributions		ons equal to 8.00% of the monthly unit value					
Contributions	• •	each member. After 25 years of service,					
		•					
	member contributions are paid to	a separate health insurance account.					
	Until July 15, 2018, the employer contributed annually an amount to						
		y December 31, 2031. Beginning July 15,					
	-	te \$3,188,735 each July 15 through 2031.					
Benefit increases	Benefit recipients receive 1.00% i						
שבוופווג וווגופמאפא	Sellent recipients receive 1.00/01						



### **Additional Schedules**

## Schedule of Funding Progress<sup>1</sup> (Dollars in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation	Actuarial Value of Assets	, , ,		Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Actual Covered Payroll (Previous FY)			UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
Date	(a)	(b)		(b) - (a)	(a)/(b)	(c)			[(b)-(a)]/(c)	
7-1-1999	\$ 3,679,551	\$ 3,004,637	\$	(674,914)	122.46	\$	352,066		(191.70) %	
7-1-2000	4,145,351	3,383,187		(762,164)	122.53		392,796		(194.04)	
7-1-2001	4,472,041	3,712,360		(759,681)	120.46		500,839		(151.68)	
7-1-2002	4,672,679	3,886,311		(786,368)	120.23		522,153		(150.60)	
7-1-2003	4,683,115	4,390,953		(292,162)	106.65		560,503		(52.12)	
7-1-2004	4,746,834	4,692,190		(54,644)	101.16		551,266		(9.91)	
7-1-2005	4,814,961	4,956,340		141,379	97.15		580,723		24.35	
7-1-2006	5,017,951	5,260,564		242,613	95.39		618,435		39.23	
7-1-2007	5,198,922	5,669,347		470,425	91.70		648,342		72.56	
7-1-2008	5,233,015	5,918,061		685,046	88.42		703,701		97.35	
7-1-2009	5,239,855	6,296,274		1,056,419	83.22		733,164		144.09	
7-1-2010	5,188,339	5,963,672		775,333	87.00		740,101		104.76	
7-1-2011	5,274,602	6,363,546		1,088,944	82.89		775,806		140.36	
7-1-2012	5,797,868	7,403,295		1,605,427	78.31		794,417	2	202.09	
7-1-2013	5,932,945	7,304,032		1,371,087	81.23		796,188	2	172.21	
7-1-2014	6,525,019	8,151,328		1,626,309	80.05		820,333	3	198.25	
7-1-2015	7,076,271	8,460,477		1,384,206	83.64		845,076	4	163.80	
7-1-2016	7,385,777	8,417,621		1,031,844	87.74		881,222	5	117.09	
7-1-2017	7,840,549	9,199,208		1,358,659	85.23		944,296	5	143.88	
7-1-2018	8,320,094	9,552,804		1,232,710	87.10		976,657	5	126.22	
7-1-2019	8,661,613	9,909,153		1,247,540	87.41		1,011,421	6	123.35	
7-1-2020	9,036,069	10,291,567		1,255,498	87.80		1,069,481	7	117.39	
7-1-2021	9,931,003	10,793,845		862,842	92.01		1,096,195	8	78.71	
7-1-2022	10,563,877	11,351,467		787,590	93.06		1,127,314	8	69.86	

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuary. See prior reports for additional detail.
 <sup>2</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 9.60%.
 <sup>3</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 9.90%.
 <sup>4</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 10.50%.
 <sup>5</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 10.80%.
 <sup>6</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 10.80%.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 11.05%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 11.55%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 11.80%.

### **Additional Schedules**

# Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities<sup>1</sup> (Dollars in Thousands)

	Actuarially									
Plan Year	Required	Act	ual Covered	Actu	ual Member	<b>Annual Required</b>		Actual Employer		Percentage
Ended	<b>Contribution Rate</b>	Payroll		Cor	ntributions	Contributions		Contributions <sup>5</sup>		Contributed
June 30	(a)	(b)		(c)		[(a)x(b)] - (c) = (d)		(e)		(e)/(d)
1999	12.32%	\$	352,066	\$	30,897	\$	12,478	\$	46,280	370.89%
2000	12.87		392,796		31,214		19,339		53,178	274.98
2001	12.21		500,839		31,341		29,811		52,960	177.65
2002	12.61		522,153		33,801		32,042		90,664	282.95
2003	15.52		560,503		34,751		35,424		50,917	143.74
2004	19.47		551,266		36,313		71,019		52,770	74.30
2005	21.99		580,723		37,873		89,828		55,802	62.12
2006	24.36		618,435		42,970		107,681		63,603	59.07
2007	25.76		648,342		50,688		116,325		74,707	64.22
2008	28.82		703,701		58,259		144,548		87,023	60.20
2009	28.41		733,164		67,701		140,591		101,548	72.23
2010	29.99		740,101		71,736		150,220		107,066	71.27
2011	25.52		775,806		73,702		124,284		109,604	88.19
2012	28.78		794,417 <sup>2</sup>		76,264		152,369		121,891	80.00
2013	33.37		796,188 <sup>2</sup>		76,434		189,254		125,995	66.57
2014	29.89		820,333 <sup>3</sup>		81,213		163,985		141,632	86.37
2015	33.85		845,076 4		88,733		197,325		153,317	77.70
2016	32.29		881,222 <sup>6</sup>		95,172		189,375		165,065	87.16
2017	28.30		944,296 <sup>6</sup>		101,984		165,252		175,329	106.10
2018	30.58		976,657 <sup>6</sup>		105,479		193,183		179,781	93.06
2019	28.2		1,011,421 <sup>7</sup>		111,762		173,459		188,317	108.57
2020	28.18		1,069,481 8		123,525		177,855		207,319	116.57
2021	27.71		1,096,195 <sup>9</sup>		129,351		174,405		219,129	125.64
2022	25.44		1,127,314 <sup>9</sup>		133,023		153,766		224,416	145.95
2023	25.01									

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuary. See prior reports for additional detail.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 9.60%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 9.90%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 10.50%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Includes contributions from other sources (if applicable).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 10.80%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 11.05%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 11.55%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by 11.80%.

# **Glossary of Terms**

Actual Covered Payroll (GASB) The payroll of covered employees, which is typically only the

pensionable pay (meets the statutory salary definition) and does not

include pay above any pay cap.

**Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)** The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits,

and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs.

**Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio**The ratio of assets to Current Benefit Obligations.

**Accrued Liability Funding Ratio** The ratio of assets to Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Actuarial Assumptions Assumptions about future plan experience that affect costs or

liabilities, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement; future increases in salary; future rates of investment earnings; future investment and administrative expenses; characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status; characteristics of future members; future elections made by members; and other items.

Actuarial Cost Method A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future

Benefits between the Actuarial Present Value of future Normal Costs

and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Actuarial Equivalent Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date and

based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.

Actuarial Present Value (APV) The amount of funds required to provide a payment or series of

payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments with an assumed interest rate and with the assumed

probability each payment will be made.

Actuarial Present Value of Projected The

**Benefits** 

The Actuarial Present Value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, non-retired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and

expenses when due.

**Actuarial Valuation** The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost,

Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan. An Actuarial Valuation for a governmental retirement system typically also includes calculations of items needed for developing and monitoring a retirement system's funding policy, such as the Funded Ratio and the Annual Required

Contribution (ARC).

**Actuarial Value of Assets**The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for

valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the Funded Ratio and the Annual Required

Contribution (ARC).



# **Glossary of Terms (Continued)**

**Amortization Method** A method for determining the Amortization Payment. Under the Level

Percentage of Pay method, the Amortization payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. The stream of payments increases at the rate at which total covered payroll of all

active members is assumed to increase.

**Amortization Payment** That portion of the plan contribution or ARC which is designed to pay interest

on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

**Amortization Period** The period used in calculating the Amortization Payment.

**Annual Required Contribution** 

(ARC)

The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount

or a percentage of covered plan compensation. The ARC consists of the

Employer Normal Cost and Amortization Payment.

**Annual Valuation Earnings** Reported salary at valuation date, annualized for members with less than one

year of service earned during the year.

**Augmentation** Annual increases to deferred benefits.

**Closed Amortization Period** A specific number of years that is reduced by one each year, and declines to

zero with the passage of time. For example, if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the end

of two years, etc.

**Current Benefit Obligations** The present value of benefits earned to the valuation date, based on current

service and including future salary increases to retirement (comparable to a

Projected Unit Credit measurement).

**Employer Normal Cost** The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employer. This is equal to

the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.

**Expected Assets** The present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund

benefits for current members.

**Experience Gain/Loss** A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected

based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuations. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be larger or smaller than projected. Gains are due to favorable experience; e.g., the assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, losses are the result of unfavorable experience; i.e., actual results that produce Unfunded Actuarial Accrued

Liabilities which are larger than projected.

**GASB** Governmental Accounting Standards Board.



# **Glossary of Terms (Concluded)**

GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27

These are the governmental accounting standards that previously set the accounting and financial reporting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 27 sets the accounting and financial reporting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 25 sets the rules for the systems themselves. These statements remain in effect only for pension plans that are not administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements. Please refer to the definition of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 on the following page.

**GASB Statement No. 50** 

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer's accounting for pensions. This statement remains in effect only for pension plans that are not administered as trusts. Please refer to the definition of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68.

GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68

Statements No. 67 and No. 68, issued in June 2012, replace the requirements of Statements No. 25, No. 27 and No. 50, respectively, for pension plans administered as trusts. Statement No. 68, effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014, sets the accounting and financial reporting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 67, effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, sets the rules for the systems themselves. Accounting and financial reporting information prepared according to Statements No. 67 and No. 68 is provided in a separate report beginning with the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation.

**GASB Statement No. 82** 

Statement No. 82, issued in March 2016, is an amendment to Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73, and is intended to improve consistency in the application of the accounting statements.

**Normal Cost** 

The annual cost assigned, under the Actuarial Cost Method, to the current plan year.

**Projected Annual Earnings** 

Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date, determined by increasing reported pay for each member by one full year's assumed pay increase according to the actuarial salary scale, as prescribed by the LCPR Standards for Actuarial Work.

Projected Benefit Funding Ratio

The ratio of the sum of Actuarial Value of Assets and Expected Assets to the Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits. A ratio less than 100% indicates that contributions are insufficient.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial Value of Assets.

**Valuation Date** 

The date as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits are determined. The benefits expected to be paid in the future are discounted to this date.

